VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYAPEETH SHAKTI UTTHAN ASHRAM LAKHISARAI DATE -14.7.202

Class Xth

Subject geography

Chapter MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

Read the following passage throughly and try to understand and give the answer of the following questions:

Types or Classification of Manufacturing Industries:

A] On the basis of Raw Materials:

- 1. Agro Based: Those industries where raw materials come from agriculture, e.g. Cotton, Woolen, Jute, Silk Textiles, Sugar, Tea, Edible Oil
- 2. Mineral Based: Those industries where minerals are used as raw materials, e.g. Iron & Steel, Cement, Aluminum, Machine Tools etc.

B] On the basis of their Main Role:

- 1. Basic Industries: Those industries which provide raw material to other industries are called basic industries. These industries help the development of other industries, e.g. Iron and Steel, Copper and Aluminum Smelting
- 2. Consumer Industries: Those industries which produce goods for consumers are called consumer industries. Finished goods of these industries are directly sold in the market for consumers, e.g. Sugar, Toothpaste, Soap, Bread, Paper etc.

C] On the basis of Capital Investment:

- 1. Small Scale Industries: Those industries where investment of capital is less than Rupees one crore are called as small scale industries, e.g. Mat, Furniture, Toys, Bread, Tools etc.
- 2. Large Scale Industries: Those industries where investment of capital is more than Rupees one crore are called as large scale industries, e.g. Iron & Steel, Petrochemicals, Cotton Textiles etc.

D] On the basis of Ownership:

- 1. Public Sector: These industries are owned, operated and maintained by Govt. e.g. BHEL, SAIL, IISCO
- 2. Private Sector: These industries are owned, operated and maintained by individual or group of individuals, e.g. TISCO, Bajaj Auto Ltd., etc.
- 3. Joint Sector: These industries are jointly run by Govt. and group of individuals. It is mixture of

public and private sector, e.g. Oil India Ltd. [OIL].

- 4. Cooperative Sector: These industries are owned, operated and maintained by supplier of raw materials and workers of the industries, e.g. Sugar industries in Maharashtra, Coir industries in Kerala.
- E] On the basis of Finished Goods [Output]:
- 1. Heavy Industries: Those industries which use heavy and bulky raw materials and produce heavy goods in large quantity are called heavy industries, e.g. Iron and Steel, Copper Smelting.
- 2. Light Industries: Those industries which use light and small raw materials and produce light goods are called light industries, e.g. Electrical, Toys, Tools, Utensils etc.

Important Questions:

- Q.1.What. is the Basic Industry?
- Q.2.What is the Consumer Industry?
- Q.3.Distinguish between the following:
- (a)Large scale Industry and Small Scale Industry.
- (b) Public sector and Private sector Industry.
- Q.4. What is the Light Industry.

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